

Polyclonal Antibody to Human IgG, IgA, IgM [H&L] -Texas Red-(TM)-

Alternate names: Human IgA, Human IgG, Human IgM

Catalog No.: R1343TR

Quantity: 2 mg

Concentration: 2.0 mg/ml (by UV absorbance at 280 nm)

Host: Goat

Immunogen: Human IgG, IgA and IgM whole molecules

Format: State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction

Purification: Immunoaffinity chromatography

Buffer System: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2, containing 10 mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA, IgG and Protease free) as stabilizer and 0.01% (w/v)

Sodium Azide as preservative. This Ig fraction is conjugated to

Label: Texas Red – (TM) Sulfonyl Chloride (TR; Molecular Weight 625 daltons)

Absorption / Emission: 596 nm / 620 nm

Molar Ratio: 2.6 moles Texas Red per mole of Goat IgG.

Reconstitution: Restore with 1.0 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Applications: Suitable for Immunomicroscopy and Flow cytometry or FACS analysis as well as other

antibody based fluorescent assays requiring lot-to-lot consistency.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: This product was prepared from polyspecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography

using antigens coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove

any unwanted reactivities.

Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat

Serum.

This product is suitable for the detection of all Human immunoglobulin classes, isotypes

and chain combinations.

Storage: Store vial at 2-8°C prior to restoration. For extended storage add glycerol to 50% and then

aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below. Centrifuge product if not completely clear

after standing at room temperature.

This antibody is stable for one month at 2-8°C as an undiluted liquid.

Dilute only prior to immediate use. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: One year from despatch.

General References: Conjugation: J.A. Titus, et al. J. Immunol. Methods 50; 193, 1982.