

Polyclonal Antibody to GFP - Texas Red

Alternate names:	GFP-Tag, Green fluorescent protein
Catalog No.:	R1091TR
Quantity:	1 mg
Concentration:	1.0 mg/ml (by UV absorbance at 280 nm)
Background:	<p>Green fluorescence protein (GFP) is a 27 kDa protein derived from the jellyfish <i>Aequorea victoria</i>, which emits green light (emission peak at a wavelength of 509 nm) when excited by blue light (excitation peak at a wavelength of 395 nm). Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) has become an invaluable tool in cell biology research, since its intrinsic fluorescence can be visualized in living cells. GFP fluorescence is stable under fixation conditions and suitable for a variety of applications. GFP has been widely used as a reporter for gene expression, enabling researchers to visualize and localize GFP-tagged proteins within living cells without the need for chemical staining. Other applications of GFP include assessment of protein-protein interactions through the yeast two hybrid system and measurement of distance between proteins through fluorescence energy transfer (FRET) protocols. GFP technology has considerably contributed to a greater understanding of cellular physiology.</p> <p>YFP differs from GFP due to a mutation at T203Y; antibodies raised against full-length GFP should also detect YFP and other variants.</p>
Uniprot ID:	P42212
NCBI:	6100
Host:	Goat
Immunogen:	GST-Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) fusion protein corresponding to the full length amino acid sequence (246aa) derived from the jellyfish <i>Aequorea victoria</i> .
Format:	<p>State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.</p> <p>Purification: Immunoaffinity Chromatography using Green Fluorescent Protein (<i>Aequorea victoria</i>) coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities.</p> <p>Buffer System: 0.02M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 with 10 mg/ml BSA (IgG and Protease free) as stabilizer and 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide as preservative.</p> <p>Label: Texas Red – (TM) (TR, MW 625 daltons) <i>Absorption / Emission:</i> 596 nm / 620 nm <i>Molar Ratio:</i> 4.2 moles Texas Red per mole of Goat IgG.</p> <p>Reconstitution: Restore with 1.0 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).</p>
Applications:	This product is designed for Immunofluorescence microscopy, Fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and Fluorescent Western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms.

For research and in vitro use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic work.

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Antibody Hotline - Technical Questions - Antibody Location Service
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Recommended Dilutions:

ELISA: > 1/20,000.

Western Blot: > 1/10,000.

Immunofluorescence: 1/500-1/2,500.

Note: This GFP antibody is designed to detect GFP and its variants. It can be used to detect GFP by ELISA (Sandwich or Capture) for the direct binding of antigen and recognizes wild type, recombinant and enhanced forms of GFP. Biotin conjugated polyclonal anti-GFP used in a Sandwich ELISA is well suited to titrate GFP in solution using this antibody in combination with Monoclonal GFP antibody (R1461P) using either form of the antibody as the capture or detection antibodies. However, use the monoclonal form only for the detection of wild type or recombinant GFP as this form does not sufficiently detect 'enhanced' GFP. The detection antibody is typically conjugated to biotin and subsequently reacted with Streptavidin conjugated HRP (RA021HRP). Fluorochrome conjugated polyclonal anti-GFP can be used to detect GFP by immunofluorescence microscopy in prokaryotic (E.coli) and eukaryotic (CHO cells) expression systems and can detect GFP containing inserts. Significant amplification of signal is achieved using fluorochrome conjugated polyclonal anti-GFP relative to the fluorescence of GFP alone. For immunoblotting use either alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase conjugated polyclonal anti-GFP to detect GFP or GFP containing proteins on western blots. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.

Specificity:

Assay by Immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat Serum and purified and partially purified Green Fluorescent Protein (*Aequorea victoria*) Serum. No reaction was observed against Human, Mouse and Rat Serum Proteins.

Storage:

Store vial at 2-8°C prior to restoration. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below. This product is stable for one month at 2-8°C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Product Citation:

TRITC conjugated antibody is cited in:
1. Yuko Suzuki, Hideo Mogami, Hayato Ihara, and Tetsumei Urano Unique secretory dynamics of tissue plasminogen activator and its modulation by plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 in vascular endothelial cells *Blood*, Jan 2009; 113: 470-478.

General References: 1. J.A. Titus, et.al. *J. Immunol. Methods* 50; 193, 1982. (Conjugation)

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