

Polyclonal Antibody to Listeria monocytogenes - FITC

Catalog No.: BP1047F
Quantity: 1 ml

Concentration: 4-5 mg/ml (OD280 nm, E0.1% = 1.4)

Background: The genus Listeria comprises six species: L. monocytogenes, L. innocua, L. welshimeri, L.

seeligeri, L. ivanovii and L. grayi. Listeria monocytogenes, the most commonly isolated pathogenic member, is associated with a wide spectrum of human and animal diseases. In the smear from the original tissue, L. monocytogenes may appear as gram-positive coccobacilli that may be confused with Streptococcus agalactiae (group B), enterococci, or Corynebacterium spp. Listeria is differentiated from streptococci by a positive catalase test. L. monocytogenes is the only species of the genus Listeria that has been clearly documented as a pathogen for humans. The forms of disease caused by this organism are myriad and age-related. The most common clinical manifestations are meningitis and septicemia. Listeria monocytogenes, a food-borne intracellular animal and human

pathogen, interacts with infected host cells both prior to entry and during the intracellular phase of infection.

phase of filled

Host:

Immunogen: Listeria monocytogenes; ATCC strain #43251

Format: State: Liquid purified IgG fraction.

Rabbit

Buffer System: 0.01M PBS pH 7.2 with 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative and 10 mg/ml

BSA as stabilizer.

Label: FITC – Purified IgG fraction covalently coupled with high purity Isomer I of fluorescein isothiocyanate. Care is taken to ensure complete removal of any free

fluorescein from the final product

Applications: Immunofluorescence and ELISA.

Enzyme amplification following reaction with FITC conjugate can also be accomplished

utilizing enzyme-antibody conjugates specific to FITC.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: Recognizes whole cells.

This antiserum has not been absorbed and may react with related microorganisms. Cross reacts with Group A Streptococcus, Group B Streptococcus, S. pneumoniae, Staph

aureus, clostridium perfingens and Bacillus subtilis.

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.