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Polyclonal Antibody to RFP-Tag (Ads. to Hu, Ms, Rt Serum Proteins) - FITC

Alternate names: DsRed Tag, Red fluorescent protein Tag

Catalog No.: AP09229FC-N

Quantity: 0.1 mg

Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml (by UV absorbance at 280 nm)

Background: Epitope tagging is a powerful and versatile strategy for detecting and purifying proteins

expressed by cloned genes. To utilize this feature, protein expression vectors are typically engineered with a nucleotide sequence that encodes the peptide epitope tag. The gene of interest is cloned in-frame relative to the tag and, upon expression, the protein of interest is synthesized as a fusion protein with the peptide tag. Fusion protein detection and/or purification is mediated by highly specific antibodies to the engineered peptide, thus eliminating the need for antibodies to proteins from each newly cloned gene. Commonly used epitope tags include glutathione-S-transferase (GST), c-myc, 6-histidine (6X-His), FLAG, green fluorescent protein (GFP), red fluorescent protein (RFP, DSRed), maltose binding protein (MBP), influenza A virus haemagglutinin (HA), b-galactosidase, and GAL4.

 Uniprot ID:
 Q9U6Y8

 NCBI:
 86600

 Host / Isotype:
 Rabbit / IgG

Immunogen: Red Fluorescent Protein (RFP) fusion protein corresponding to the full length amino acid

sequence (234aa) derived from the mushroom polyp coral Discosoma

Format: State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction

Purification: Immunoaffinity Chromatography using Red Fluorescent Protein (Discosoma) coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted

reactivities

Buffer System: 0.02M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 containing 10 mg/ml BSA (Immunoglobulin and Protease free) as stabilizer and 0.01% (w/v) Sodium

Azide as preservative

Label: FITC – Fluorescein isothiocyanate (Molecular Weight 390 daltons)

Absorption / Emission: 495 nm / 528 nm

Molar Ratio: 2.2 moles FITC per mole of Rabbit IgG

Reconstitution: Restore with 0.1 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Applications: Antibodies to RFP (Discosoma spp.) are intended for use in immunological assays

including ELISA, Western blotting, Fluorometry and Fluorescence activated cell sorting

(FACS).

Polyclonal anti-RFP is designed to detect RFP and its variants. This antibody can be used to

detect RFP by ELISA (sandwich or capture) for the direct binding of antigen. Biotin

For research and in vitro use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic work.

Material Safety Datasheets are available at www.acris-antibodies.com or on request.

Antibody Hotline - Technical Questions - Antibody Location Service

Free Call: 0800-2274746 (Germany only) - www.acris-antibodies.com



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conjugated polyclonal anti-RFP used in a sandwich ELISA with unconjugated anti-RFP is well suited to titrate RFP in solution. The detection antibody conjugated to biotin is subsequently reacted with streptavidin conjugated HRP. Fluorochrome conjugated polyclonal anti-RFP can be used to detect RFP by immunofluorescence microscopy in cell expression systems and can detect RFP containing inserts. Significant amplification of signal is achieved using fluorochrome conjugated polyclonal anti-RFP relative to the fluorescence of RFP alone. For immunoblotting use either alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase conjugated polyclonal anti-RFP to detect RFP or RFP containing proteins on western blots.

Recommended Dilutions:

FLISA: > 1/20,000.

Western blot: > 1/10,000.

Immunofluorescence: 1/500-1/2,5000.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: Expect reactivity against RFP and its variants: mCherry, tdTomato, mBanana, mOrange,

mPlum, mOrange and mStrawberry. Assay by Immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Rabbit Serum and purified and partially purified Red Fluorescent

Protein (Discosoma).

No reaction was observed against Human, Mouse or Rat serum proteins. ELISA was used to

confirm specificity at less than 0.1% of target signal.

Storage: Prior to reconstitution store at 2-8°C.

Following reconstitution store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month

or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General References: 1. The and Feltkamp, Immunology 18; 865, 1970 (Conjugation).

2. Gross LA, Baird GS, Hoffman RC, Baldridge KK, Tsien RY: The structure of the chromophore within DsRed, a red fluorescent protein from coral. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA

2000, 97: 11990-11995.

Pictures:

1 2 ← 27 kDa

Western blot of RFP recombinant protein detected withanti-RFP antibody. Lane 1 shows no reaction against a GFP recombinant protein present in 10 µg of HeLa cell extract. Lane 2 shows a single band detected in 10 µg of a HeLa lysate containing RFP recombinant protein. Anti-RFP detects a 27 kDa band corresponding to the epitope tag RFP. A 4-12% Bis-Tris gradient gel (Invitrogen) was used for SDSPAGE. The protein was transferred to nitrocellulose using standard methods. After blocking the membrane was probed with the primary antibody diluted 1:2,500 for 1 h at room temperature followed by washes and reaction with a 1:5,000 dilution of IRDye(TM)800 conjugated Goat-a-Rabbit IgG [H&L]. IRDve(TM)800 fluorescence image was captured using the Odyssey® Infrared Imaging System developed by LI-COR. IRDye is a trademark of LI-COR, Inc. Other detection systems will yield similar results.