

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

15/09/2014

**Anti-GLP-1 (Mid-molecule specific)** 

Mouse monoclonal antibody Subclass: IgG1/k

CAT. NO. **HYB 147-12** Clone:4F3

SPECIFICITY Reacts with all forms of GLP-1, including precursor and GLP-1(9-37) /GLP-1(9-36amide) metabolite HYB

147-12 cross-reacts with Liraglutide.

IMMUNOGEN Synthetic GLP-1(7-36)amide coupled to carrier

TESTED APPLICATIONS ELISA, WB, IHC

SPECIES REACTIVITY

(POSITIVE)

Human

SPECIES REACTIVITY

(NEGATIVE)

Not determined

EPITOPE SPECIFICITY Mid-molecular epitope of GLP-1

**PRESENTATION** 

Content: Available in 200 µL and 1 mL size.1 mg/mL +/- 15%. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

Preparation: Protein-A purified

Form: Liquid

Solvent: 0.01 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing 0.5 M NaCl and 15 mM sodium azide

Storage: 4-8°C without exposure to light. No precautions necessary during handling.

**APPLICATION** 

**ELISA:** HYB 147-12 binds to GLP-1 when coated directly onto the microtiter well, and binds GLP-1(7-36)amide in solution giving a Ka of 4.0x10E8 in inhibition ELISA. HYB 147-12 cross-reacts <0.4% with coated glucagon.

In inhibition ELISA no binding of free glucagon in solution is detected, giving an estimated cross-reactivity of <0.2%.

Biotinylated HYB 147-12 is the preferred detection antibody for measuring C-terminally amidated forms of GLP-1 in combination with HYB 147-06 as capture antibody (1). HYB 147-12 can be used as a capture antibody in combination with ABS 046-03B as a detection antibody for measuring non-amidated GLP-1 forms and cross- reacting about 16% with C-terminally amidated GLP-1. Results show detection limits of 44pmol/L which is 10-20 times higher than the basal concentration of GLP-1, so the assays have to be optimized.

WB: In Western blotting a dilution guideline of 1/2000 has proved successful.

HYB 147-12 is applicable for immunoaffinity.

IHC: Although not tested, HYB 147-12 is likely to detect all known molecular forms of GLP-1 in

immunohistochemistry.

TARGET Glucagon-like peptide-1(7-36)amide (GLP-1(7-36)amide) is the principal active form of GLP-1, the other

being GLP-1(7-37). GLP-1 is a peptide hormone of the glucagon family, produced by the L cells of the intestinal mucosa from the same prohormone as glucagon. The active forms are potent stimulators of glucose-dependent insulin secretion. The sequence of GLP-1 is fully conserved in all mammalian species

examined so far.

REFERENCES 1. Piotrowski K, Becker M, Zugwurst J, Biller-Friedmann I, Spoettl G, Greif M, Leber AW, Becker A,

Laubender RP, Lebherz C, Goeke B, Marx N, Parhofer KG, Lehrke M (2013) Circulating concentrations of GLP-1 are associated with coronary atherosclerosis in humans. Cardiovascular Diabetology 12:117.

## CONDITIONS

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