

Datasheet

PTPRC monoclonal antibody, clone MEM-28 (PE)

Catalog Number: MAB4586

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against native PTPRC.

Clone Name: MEM-28

Immunogen: Native purified PTPRC from human thymocytes and T lymphocytes.

Host: Mouse

Theoretical MW (kDa): 180-220

Reactivity: Human

Applications: Flow Cyt, IF-CTC
(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Specificity: This antibody reacts with all alternative forms of human CD45 antigen (Leukocyte Common Antigen), a 180-220 kDa single chain type I transmembrane protein expressed at high level on all cells of hematopoietic origin, except erythrocytes and platelets.

Form: Liquid

Conjugation: PE

Purification: Protein A purification

Isotype: IgG1

Recommend Usage: Flow Cytometry (20 ul in human blood cells 100 ul in whole blood or 10⁶ cells in a suspension)
Immunofluorescence (Circulating Tumor Cell) (1:100)
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In stabilizing PBS, pH7.4 (0.09% sodium azide).

Storage Instruction: Store in the dark at 4 °C. Do not freeze.

Avoid prolonged exposure to light.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 5788

Gene Symbol: PTPRC

Gene Alias: B220, CD45, CD45R, GP180, LCA, LY5, T200

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus belongs to receptor type PTP. This gene is specifically expressed in hematopoietic cells. This PTP has been shown to be an essential regulator of T- and B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It functions through either direct interaction with components of the antigen receptor complexes, or by activating various Src family kinases required for the antigen receptor signaling. This PTP also suppresses JAK kinases, and thus functions as a regulator of cytokine receptor signaling. Four alternatively spliced transcripts variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]

References:

1. Immunospecific targeting of CD45 expressing lymphoid cells: Towards improved detection agents of the sentinel lymph node. Liu T, Cousins A, Chien CC, Kempson I, Thompson S, Hwu Y, Thierry B. Cancer Lett. 2012 Oct 5. doi:pii: S0304-3835(12)00585-X. 10.1016/j.canlet.2012.09.024. [Epub ahead of print]
2. Involvement of CD45 in DNA fragmentation in apoptosis induced by mitochondrial perturbing agents. Desharnais P, Dupere-Minier G, Hamelin C, Devine P, Bernier J. Apoptosis. 2008 Feb;13(2):197-212.
3. Collagen-mediated survival signaling is modulated by CD45 in Jurkat T cells. Bijian K, Zhang L, Shen SH. Mol

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