

9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St.,Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

## Datasheet

## PTPRC monoclonal antibody, clone SPM125

Catalog Number: MAB12049

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against PTPRC.

Clone Name: SPM125

**Immunogen:** Cultured human T-cells from an IL-2-dependent T-cell line (CA1).

Host: Mouse

Theoretical MW (kDa): 180-185

Reactivity: Human

**Applications:** Flow Cyt, IHC-P, WB (See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

**Protocols:** See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Purification: Protein A/G purification

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Recommend Usage: Flow Cytometry (0.5-1 ug/10<sup>6</sup> cells) Immunohistochemistry (0.5-1 ug/mL) Western Blot (0.5-1 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS (0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide).

**Storage Instruction:** Store at 4°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 5788

Gene Symbol: PTPRC

**Gene Alias:** B220, CD45, CD45R, GP180, LCA, LY5, T200

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus belongs to receptor type PTP. This gene is specifically expressed in hematopoietic cells. This PTP has been shown to be an essential regulator of T- and B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It functions through either direct interaction with components of the antigen receptor complexes, or by activating various Src family kinases required for the antigen receptor signaling. This PTP also suppresses JAK kinases, and thus functions as a regulator of cytokine receptor signaling. Four alternatively spliced transcripts variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]