

Datasheet

HLA-G monoclonal antibody, clone 2A12

Catalog Number: MAB0966

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of HLA-G.

Clone Name: 2A12

Immunogen: A synthetic peptide (conjugated with OVA) corresponding to C-terminus of human soluble HLA-G5 and HLA-G6.

Host: Mouse

Reactivity: Human

Applications: Flow Cyt, IHC-Fr, IHC-P, WB
(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Specificity: This antibody allows to discriminate between soluble HLA-G protein yielded by shedding from membrane-bound HLA-G forms that do not contain the intron 4-encoded epitope and soluble HLA-G5/HLA-G6 produced from intron 4-retaining alternatively spliced mRNAs.

Form: Liquid

Concentration: 1 mg/mL

Isotype: IgG1

Recommend Usage: The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH 7.4 (0.09% sodium azide)

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C, do not freeze. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 3135

Gene Symbol: HLA-G

Gene Alias: MHC-G

Gene Summary: HLA-G belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. HLA-G is expressed on fetal derived placental cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon one encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domain, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exon 6 encodes the cytoplasmic tail. [provided by RefSeq]