

9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St.,Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

## **Datasheet**

## HIST1H4I (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog Number: H00008294-P01

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Human HIST1H4I full-length ORF (AAH16336, 1 a.a. - 103 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.

## Sequence:

MSGRGKGGKGLGKGGAKRHRKVLRDNIQGITKPAIRR LARRGGVKRISGPIYEETRGVLKVFLENVIRDAVTYTEH AKRKTVTAMDVVYALKRQGRTLYGFGG

Host: Wheat Germ (in vitro)

Theoretical MW (kDa): 37.07

Applications: AP, Array, ELISA, WB-Re

(See our web site product page for detailed applications

information)

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Preparation Method: in vitro wheat germ expression

system

**Purification:** Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow

Storage Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced

Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.

Storage Instruction: Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid

repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 8294

Gene Symbol: HIST1H4I

Gene Alias: H4/m, H4FM, H4M

**Gene Summary:** Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of

DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the histone microcluster on chromosome 6p21.33. [provided by RefSeq]