# **Quantikine™ ELISA**

## **Mouse IL-2 Immunoassay**

Catalog Number M2000-1 SM2000 PM2000

For the quantitative determination of mouse Interleukin 2 (IL-2) concentrations in cell culture supernates and serum.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Interleukin 2 (IL-2), also known as T cell growth factor (TCGF), is a 15-18 kDa variably glycosylated  $\alpha$ -helical polypeptide that is a member of the common gamma chain ( $\gamma_c$ ) cytokine family (1-4). It exists as a monomer and has a notably short half-life (< 30 minutes) (1). Mouse IL-2 is synthesized as a 169 amino acid (aa) precursor that contains a 20 aa signal sequence plus a 149 aa mature region (5, 6). The mature region is  $\alpha$ -helical in nature and contains one utilized O-linked glycosylation site at Thr3, plus three cysteines, two of which form an intrachain disulfide bond that is essential for activity (7). Mature mouse IL-2 shares 56% and 73% aa identity with human and rat IL-2, respectively. Although human IL-2 is known to be active on mouse IL-2 responsive cells. Cells reported to secrete IL-2 include  $\gamma\delta$ T cells (8), activated conventional CD4+ and CD8+T cells (1, 9), neurons (10, 11), microglia (12), and hematopoietic stem cells (13).

The receptor for IL-2 (IL-2 R) is composed of three subunits, the 55 kDa CD25/IL-2 R $\alpha$  chain, the 70 kDa IL-2 R $\beta$  chain, and the 65 kDa  $\gamma_c$  (1, 3). IL-2 first binds to CD25; the binary complex then recruits IL-2 R $\beta$  and  $\gamma_c$  to form the quaternary signaling complex (1, 14). In addition to IL-2, IL-2 R $\beta$  is used by IL-15 in its quaternary signaling complex.  $\gamma_c$  also serves as a signaling receptor for IL-4, -7, -9, -15, and -21 (1, 3).

In vitro studies have shown an important role for IL-2 in T cell activation and expansion. In vivo, IL-2 is critical for the development, maintenance and function of regulatory T cells (Treg) which provide protection against autoimmune disease. On the other hand, IL-2 can also promote autoimmune inflammation in target organs through its roles in regulating the expression of T cell trafficking genes and production of Th2 cytokines. Within the CD8+T cell subset, IL-2 is essential for optimal primary responses and differentiation into terminal effector cells. IL-2 also promotes the development of activated CD8+T cells into memory cells (1).

The Quantikine™ Mouse IL-2 Immunoassay is a 4.5 hour solid phase ELISA designed to measure mouse IL-2 levels in cell culture supernates and serum. It contains *E. coli*-expressed recombinant mouse IL-2 and antibodies raised against the recombinant factor. This immunoassay has been shown to quantitate the recombinant mouse IL-2 accurately. Results obtained using natural mouse IL-2 showed dose response curves that were parallel to the standard curves obtained using the Quantikine kit standards. These results indicate that this kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural mouse IL-2.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A polyclonal antibody specific for mouse IL-2 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards, control, and samples are pipetted into the wells and any IL-2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, an enzyme-linked polyclonal antibody specific for mouse IL-2 is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells. The enzyme reaction yields a blue product that turns yellow when the Stop Solution is added. The intensity of the color measured is in proportion to the amount of IL-2 bound in the initial step. The sample values are then read off the standard curve.

#### **LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE**

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with calibrator diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any variation in operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- Variations in sample collection, processing, and storage may cause sample value differences.
- This assay is designed to eliminate interference by other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Quantikine™ Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

#### **TECHNICAL HINTS**

- When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.
- To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- For best results, pipette reagents and samples into the center of each well.
- It is recommended that the samples be pipetted within 15 minutes.
- To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.
- Substrate Solution should remain colorless until added to the plate. Keep Substrate Solution protected from light. Substrate Solution should change from colorless to gradations of blue.
- Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution. The color developed in the wells will turn from blue to yellow upon addition of the Stop Solution.

## **MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE CONDITIONS**

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

PART	PART#	CATALOG # M2000-1	CATALOG # SM2000	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL	
Mouse IL-2 Microplate	890327	1 plate	6 plates	96 well polystyrene microplates (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody specific for mouse IL-2.	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.*	
Mouse IL-2 Standard	890329	2 vials	6 vials	Recombinant mouse IL-2 in a buffered protein base with preservatives; lyophilized. Refer to the vial label for reconstitution volume.	Use a new standard and control for each assay. Discard after use.	
Mouse IL-2 Control	890451	2 vials	6 vials	Recombinant mouse IL-2 in a buffered protein base with preservatives; lyophilized. The assay value of the control should be within the range specified on the label.		
Mouse IL-2 Conjugate	899538	1 vial	6 vials	12.5 mL/vial of a polyclonal antibody specific for mouse IL-2 conjugated to horseradish peroxidase with preservatives.		
Assay Diluent RD1-14	895180	1 vial	3 vials	12 mL/vial of a buffered protein solution with preservatives. May contain a precipitate. Mix well before and during use.		
Calibrator Diluent RD5T	895175	1 vial	3 vials	21 mL/vial of a buffered protein solution with preservatives.	May be stored for up to	
Wash Buffer Concentrate	895003	1 vial	6 vials	21 mL/vial of a 25-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservative. <i>May turn yellow over time</i> .	1 month at 2-8 °C.*	
Color Reagent A	895000	1 vial	3 vials	12 mL/vial of stabilized hydrogen peroxide.		
Color Reagent B	895001	1 vial	3 vials	12 mL/vial of stabilized chromogen (tetramethylbenzidine).		
Stop Solution	895174	1 vial	3 vials	23 mL/vial of diluted hydrochloric acid.		
Plate Sealers	N/A	4 strips	24 strips	Adhesive strips.		

<sup>\*</sup> Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

M2000-1 contains sufficient materials to run ELISAs on one 96 well plate. SM2000 (SixPak) contains sufficient materials to run ELISAs on six 96 well plates.

This kit is also available in a PharmPak (R&D Systems®, Catalog # PM2000). Refer to the PharmPak Contents section for specific vial counts.

#### PHARMPAK CONTENTS

Each PharmPak contains reagents sufficient for the assay of 50 microplates (96 wells/plate). The package inserts supplied are the same as those supplied in the single kit packs and because of this, a few minor differences related to the number of reagents and their container sizes should be noted.

- Sufficient material is supplied to perform at least 50 standard curves; reuse of each vial may be required. The number of vials, and the number of standard curves obtained per vial will vary with the analyte.
- Wash Buffer 25X Concentrate is bulk packed in 125 mL bottles containing 100 mL, and not in the glass vials described in the package insert. **Note:** Additional wash buffer is available for purchase (R&D Systems®, Catalog # WA126).

The reagents provided in this PharmPak are detailed below.

PART	PART #	QUANTITY
Mouse IL-2 Microplate	890327	50 plates
Mouse IL-2 Conjugate	899538	50 vials
Mouse IL-2 Standard*	890329	25 vials
Mouse IL-2 Control	890451	25 vials
Calibrator Diluent RD5T	895175	25 vials
Assay Diluent RD1-14	895180	25 vials
Color Reagent A	895000	25 vials
Color Reagent B	895001	25 vials
Wash Buffer Concentrate	895126	9 bottles
Stop Solution	895174	25 vials
Plate Sealers	N/A	100 sheets

<sup>\*</sup>If additional standard vials are needed, contact Technical Service at techsupport@bio-techne.com

## **OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 540 nm or 570 nm
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- 500 mL graduated cylinder
- Deionized or distilled water
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer
- Polypropylene test tubes for dilution of standards

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

The Stop Solution provided with this kit is an acid solution.

Some components in this kit contain a preservative which may cause an allergic skin reaction. Avoid breathing mist.

Color Reagent B may cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation. Avoid breathing fumes.

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Refer to the SDS on our website prior to use.

#### **SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE**

Use polypropylene tubes.

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

**Cell Culture Supernates** - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Serum** - Allow blood samples to clot for 2 hours at room temperature before centrifuging for 20 minutes at 2000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Note:** Grossly hemolyzed or lipemic samples may not be suitable for use in this assay.

#### REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

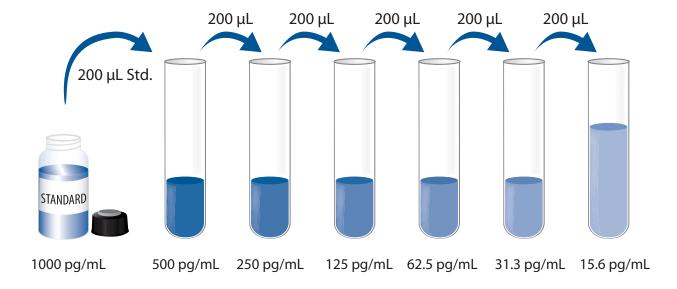
**Mouse IL-2 Control** - Reconstitute the control with 1 mL deionized or distilled water. Mix thoroughly. Assay the control undiluted.

**Wash Buffer** - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Add 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate to 480 mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer.

**Substrate Solution** - Color Reagents A and B should be mixed together in equal volumes within 15 minutes of use. Protect from light. 100 µL of the resultant mixture is required per well.

**Mouse IL-2 Standard** - **Refer to the vial label for reconstitution volume.** Reconstitute the Mouse IL-2 Standard with Calibrator Diluent RD5T. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 5 minutes with gentle mixing prior to making dilutions.

**Use polypropylene tubes.** Pipette 200  $\mu$ L of Calibrator Diluent RD5T into each tube. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Mouse IL-2 Standard (1000 pg/mL) serves as the high standard. Calibrator Diluent RD5T serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).



#### **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, control, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- 1. Prepare reagents, standards, control, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal.
- 3. Add 50 µL of Assay Diluent RD1-14 to each well. *RD1-14 may contain undissolved material even when mixed well before and during its use.*
- 4. Add 50 μL of standard, control, or sample per well. Mix by gently tapping the plate frame for 1 minute. Cover with the adhesive strip provided. Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature. A plate layout is provided to record standards and samples assayed.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total of five washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (400  $\mu$ L) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 6. Add 100  $\mu$ L of Mouse IL-2 Conjugate to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip. Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.
- 7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 8. Add 100  $\mu$ L of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 9. Add 100  $\mu L$  of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 10. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

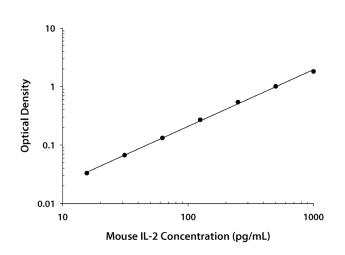
Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a log/log curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on a log/log graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the mouse IL-2 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. on a linear scale, and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

#### **TYPICAL DATA**

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.



(pg/mL)	0.D.	Average	Corrected
0	0.050	0.050	_
	0.050		
15.6	0.083	0.083	0.033
	0.083		
31.3	0.117	0.117	0.067
	0.117		
62.5	0.187	0.182	0.132
	0.178		
125	0.321	0.320	0.270
	0.319		
250	0.576	0.593	0.543
	0.610		
500	1.056	1.060	1.010
	1.064		
1000	1.892	1.865	1.815
	1.838		

## **PRECISION**

## **Intra-Assay Precision** (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

## Inter-Assay Precision (Precision between assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty separate assays to assess inter-assay precision. Assays were performed by at least three technicians using two lots of components.

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	20	20	20
Mean (pg/mL)	70.4	187	595	70.9	175	559
Standard deviation	3.9	10.0	23.4	3.6	9.6	24.5
CV (%)	5.5	5.3	3.9	5.1	5.5	4.4

## **RECOVERY**

The recovery of mouse IL-2 spiked to three levels throughout the range of the assay was evaluated.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Cell culture supernates (n=6)	102	84-110%
Serum (n=6)	102	96-108%

#### **LINEARITY**

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples containing and/or spiked with various concentrations of mouse IL-2 in each matrix were diluted with calibrator diluent and then assayed.

		Cell culture supernates (n=8)	Serum (n=8)
1:2	Average % of Expected	99	102
1.2	Range (%)	97-103	98-107
1.4	Average % of Expected	97	104
1:4	Range (%)	91-105	93-112
1.0	Average % of Expected	94	99
1:8	Range (%)	87-101	89-107
1:16	Average % of Expected	92	94
	Range (%)	83-103	82-108

#### **SENSITIVITY**

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of mouse IL-2 is typically less than 3.0 pg/mL.

The MDD was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

#### **CALIBRATION**

This immunoassay is calibrated against a highly purified *E. coli*-expressed recombinant mouse IL-2 produced at R&D Systems®.

The NIBSC non-WHO reference mouse IL-2 preparation 93/566, which was intended as a bioassay standard, was evaluated in this kit. Each ampoule contained a nominal 0.1  $\mu$ g of recombinant mouse IL-2 and was assigned an arbitrary unitage of 10,000 U/ampoule.

NIBSC 93/566: 1 Unit of Standard = 5.3 pg of Quantikine<sup>™</sup> Mouse IL-2

#### **SAMPLE VALUES**

**Serum** - Forty samples were evaluated for detectable levels of mouse IL-2 in this assay. Thirty-nine measured less than the lowest mouse IL-2 standard, 15.6 pg/mL. One sample read 48 pg/mL.

**Cell Culture Supernates** - EL-4 mouse lymphoblast cells (10<sup>5</sup> cells/mL) were cultured for 2 days in DMEM supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum and stimulated with 10 μg/mL PHA and 10 ng/mL PMA. The culture supernate was assayed for mouse IL-2 and measured 40 ng/mL.

## **SPECIFICITY**

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant mouse IL-2.

The factors listed below were prepared at 50 ng/mL in calibrator diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity. Preparations of the following factors prepared at 50 ng/mL in a mid-range mouse IL-2 control were assayed for interference. No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

#### **Recombinant mouse:**

C10 IL-13 G-CSF JE/MCP-1 **GM-CSF** KC LIF IFN-γ IL-1α M-CSF IL-1β MIP-1α IL-3 MIP-1β IL-4 MIP-2 IL-5 SCF IL-6 TNF-α IL-7 Tpo IL-9 **VEGF** 

#### **Recombinant human:**

IL-2 IL-2 Rα IL-2 Rβ

## **Recombinant porcine:**

IL-2

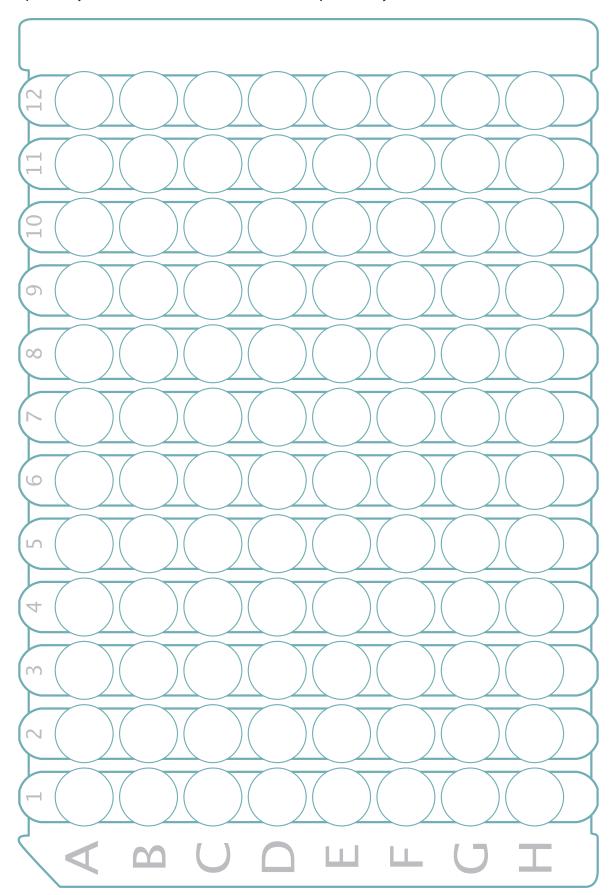
A sample containing 50 ng/mL of recombinant rat IL-2 read 250 pg/mL in this assay (0.5% cross-reactivity). Upon dilution, the dose-curve of recombinant rat IL-2 was parallel to the mouse IL-2 standard curve.

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## **PLATE LAYOUT**

Use this plate layout to record standards and samples assayed.





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