

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human SOX17 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, this antibody does not cross-react with recombinant human SOX2, 3, 7, or 10.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₃ Clone # 245013
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human SOX17 Asp177-Val414 Accession # Q9H6I2
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

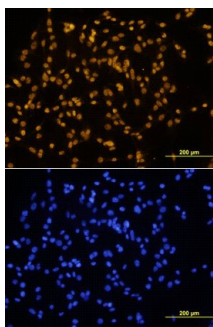
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Immunocytochemistry	8-25 µg/mL	See Below

DATA

Immunocytochemistry



SOX17 in B16 Mouse Cell Line. SOX17 was detected in immersion fixed B16 mouse melanoma cell line using Mouse Anti-Human SOX17 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB1924) at 10 µg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (yellow, upper panel; Catalog # NL007) and counterstained with DAPI (blue, lower panel). View our protocol for [Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coverslips](#).

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

SOX17 is a member of the SOX family of transcription factors that bind DNA via a high mobility group (HMG) domain. SOX17 is suggested to play an important role in endoderm development (1, 2).

References:

1. Kanai-Azuma, M. *et al.* (2002) *Development* **129**:2367.
2. Katoh, M. *et al.* (2002) *Int. J. Mol. Med.* **9**:153.