



11-482-C025

**Monoclonal Antibody to CD5
Purified Antibody (0.025 mg)**

Clone:	CRIS1
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a
Specificity:	The antibody CRIS1 reacts with the cell surface glycoprotein CD5, a 67kDa single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on mature T lymphocytes, most of thymocytes and B lymphocytes subset (B-1a lymphocytes). HLDA I; WS Code T 29 HLDA III; WS Code T 530
Regulatory Status:	RUO
Immunogen:	stimulated human leukocytes
Species Reactivity:	Human, Other species Not tested
Application:	Flow Cytometry Recommended dilution: purified: 1 µg/ml Positive control: Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes (PBL) Jurkat human leukemia T-cell line HPB human leukemia T-cell line MOLT-4 human leukemia T-cell line Immunoprecipitation Western Blotting Recommended dilution: 1-2 µg/ml Positive control: Jurkat human leukemia T-cell line HPB human leukemia T-cell line Immunohistochemistry (frozen sections) ELISA The antibody CRIS1 can be used in the Sandwich ELISA as the detection antibody in pair with the capture antibody MEM-32
Purity:	> 95% (by SDS-PAGE)
Purification:	Purified by protein-A affinity chromatography
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Storage Buffer:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4
Storage / Stability:	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.
Expiration:	See vial label
Lot Number:	See vial label

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**Antibodies****Background:**

CD5 antigen (T1; 67 kDa) is a human cell surface T-lymphocyte single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein. CD5 is expressed on all mature T-lymphocytes, most of thymocytes, subset of B-lymphocytes and on many T-cell leukemias and lymphomas. It is a type I membrane glycoprotein whose extracellular region contains three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains.

The CD5 is a signal transducing molecule whose cytoplasmic tail is devoid of any intrinsic catalytic activity. CD5 modulates signaling through the antigen-specific receptor complex (TCR and BCR). CD5 crosslinking induces extracellular Ca⁺⁺ mobilization, tyrosine phosphorylation of intracellular proteins and DAG production. Preliminary evidence shows protein associations with ZAP-70, p56lck, p59fyn, PC-PLC, etc. CD5 may serve as a dual receptor, giving either stimulatory or inhibitory signals depending both on the cell type and development stage. In thymocytes and B1a cells seems to provide inhibitory signals, in peripheral mature T lymphocytes it acts as a costimulatory signal receptor. CD5 is the phenotypic marker of a B cell subpopulation involved in the production of autoreactive antibodies.

Disease relevance: CD5 is a phenotypic marker for some B cell lymphoproliferative disorders (B-CLL, Hairy cell leukemia, etc.). The CD5⁺ population is expanded in some autoimmune disorders (Rheumatoid Arthritis, etc.). Herpes virus infections induce loss of CD5 expression in the expanded CD8⁺ human T cells.

References:

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